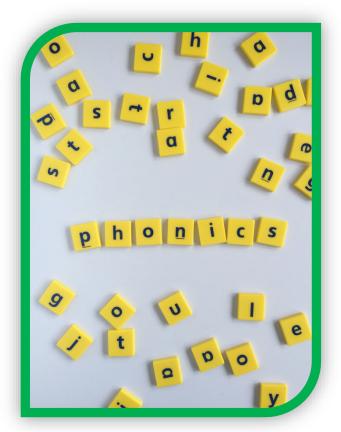


Phonics at Alexandra Primary School



Reception Phase 3



A guide to Reading at APS

At Alexandra Primary School we see reading as an integral part of the school curriculum that impacts on all learning. We use children's literature to support and develop high quality learning and a whole school love of reading. We value the importance of being a confident reader and want children to enjoy reading a wide range of different books. Children develop the skills for reading through the teaching of the '8 reading strategies'. This includes the application of phonic knowledge and skills and how the strategies are used to achieve reading for meaning. Systematic synthetic phonics is a way of teaching children to read and spell through the units of sounds in words.

Reading at home

Your child will bring two reading books home each week as well as a story book. Please keep your child's books in their book bag and return them to school daily. This is because the day your child changes their books will vary. One of the reading books will be the book that your child has read in school with a member of staff. The reading books follow the same sequence as our teaching. They are fully decodable and match your child's current phonic knowledge.



An Introduction to Phonics

At Alexandra Primary School we offer high quality daily phonics sessions following our APS phonics progression programme.

The programme has 5 phases which are taught through Nursery, Reception and Year 1. This leads on to spelling strategies in Year 2. Phonics teaches children to read and spell by using the sounds a letter or a group of letters make. This unit of sound in a word is called a phoneme. Children will learn to blend through sounds (phonemes) to read a word and segment the sounds (phonemes) that they can hear in a word to spell.

Our reading books match the phonics teaching sequence so that your child can apply their phonic knowledge to reading all of the words in the books that have been carefully matched to their knowledge.

Your child will focus on Phase Two and Three of the phonics programme during their time in Reception.



A guide to Phase Three

Children entering Phase Three will know around 19 letters and be able to blend phonemes to read and segment simple words to spell.

The purpose of this phase is to teach another 25 graphemes, most of them comprising of two letters (e.g. oa), so the children can represent each of about 42 phonemes by a grapheme. The children learn that the two letters make one sound, this is called a digraph.

It must always be remembered that phonics is the step up to word recognition. Automatic reading of all words – decodable and tricky – is the ultimate goal.



Set of	Description	
letters		
Set 6	j v w x	
Set 7	y z,zz qu	
	The children will be given lots of opportunities to read and write captions, sentences and questions. Here is an example of a sentence using letters from sets 1 - 7. The fox and vixen had cubs in a den.	
Graphemes	ch chip	ar farm
(letters)	sh shop	or for
and a	th thin/then	ur hurt
sample	ng ring	OW COW
word	ai rain	oi coin
	ee feet	ear dear
	igh night	air fair
	oa boat	nk pink
	oo boot/look	er corner
	nk pink	
	Adding dots and dashes (sound buttons) undernea word supports children to recognise and identify a digraph/trigraph. Here is an example:	
	farm	



Tricky words	A 'tricky' word should be read by sight rather than by applying phonics to sound it out. he, she, me, we, be, was, you, all, they, are, my her
High frequency words	These are common words that your child will have lots of opportunities to read in books. Automatic reading of these words will increase their reading speed and fluency. will, see, that, for, this, now, then, down, them, look, be, with, too
Websites	<u>https://www.oxfordowl.co.uk/for-</u> <u>home/reading/starting-to-read-ages-4-5/</u> <u>http://www.letters-and-sounds.com/phase-3.html</u>