

Year 1	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday
Reading text	chicken Kitchen	chicken in the Kitchen was a state of the chicken in the chicken i	chicke, finth Kitchen Kardinary anatom has
	Chicken in the kitchen	Chicken in the kitchen	Chicken in the kitchen
Reading LI	LI: To think like a detective - use inference	LI: To think like a detective - use inference	LI: To think like a detective - use inference
Reading Introduction and task	Today we will read the story <i>Chicken in the Kitchen</i> . We will discuss the story and how it differs or similar from our predictions and visualisations.	Today we will remember the three things that we wrote yesterday on our whiteboards before rereading the story. In their books children will complete the text:	Today we will re-read the story before discussing what it means to summarise a text. The task today is to write a short summary of the story in their books.
	The task today is to write three things that the children remember from the story on their whiteboards.	"The yam festival marked the beginning of the harvest season. It was time for"	3.5.7



English	LI: To create a new character	LI: To write a description of a character	LI: To sequence a story	LI: To create our own version of Little Red Riding Hood	LI: To create our own version of Little Red Riding Hood
English Text	Little Red Riding Hood	Riding Hood	Riding Hood	Riding Hood	Riding Hood
Key	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:	Key Vocabulary:
vocabulary	Story	Story	Story	Story	Story
and key	Book	Book	Book	Acting	Acting
questions	Front Cover	Front Cover	Story	Book	Book
	Back Cover	Back Cover	Front Cover	Story	Story
	Author	description	Plot	Front Cover	Front Cover
	image	baddie/villain	Characters	Plot	Plot
	picture	adjective	description	Characters	Characters
	description	character	sequence	Sequence	Sequence
	self-portrait				full stop
	adjectives	Key Questions:		Key Questions:	capital letter
	character	What is a description?	Key Questions:	What is the plot of the story?	finger space
	Key Questions:	How do I create a new	What is the plot of the story?	What does it mean to act out a story?	
	What is a description?	character?	What does it mean to act out a	How can we create actions to this	Key Questions:
	How do I create a new	What is the bad character in a	story?	story?	What is the plot of the story?
	character?	book?	How can we create actions to this	Who are the characters in the story?	What does it mean to act out a story?
	What is the bad character in a	Who is the bad character in	story?	How do I sequence a story?	How can we create actions to this story?
	book?	Little Red Riding Hood?	Who are the characters in the	How do I sequence a story using my	Who are the characters in the story?
	Who is the bad character in	What is an adjective?	story?	new character?	How do I sequence a story?
	Little Red Riding Hood?	,	How do I sequence a story?		How do I retell a story?
			How do I sequence a story using		How do I use finger spaces, capital letters
			my new character?		and full stops correctly?
Introduction	This week we are continuing the	Today we are going to continue	Today we are going to sequence	Today we are going to write the first	Today we will write the second half of
	story of Little Red Riding Hood.	going more in depth into	the story of Little Red Riding	half of our version story of Little Red	Little Red Riding Hood. We will go over
	Last week we focused on	character description and	Hood including the new 'bad'	Riding Hood with the new 'baddie'. We	what we did yesterday. Children will be
	retelling the story. This week	adjectives. We will mind map	character. We will recap the	will act out the story before discussing	able to re-read what they have already
	we will change a part of the	different adjectives to	story by reading and acting it out.	what happens in the beginning and	written, some reading what they had

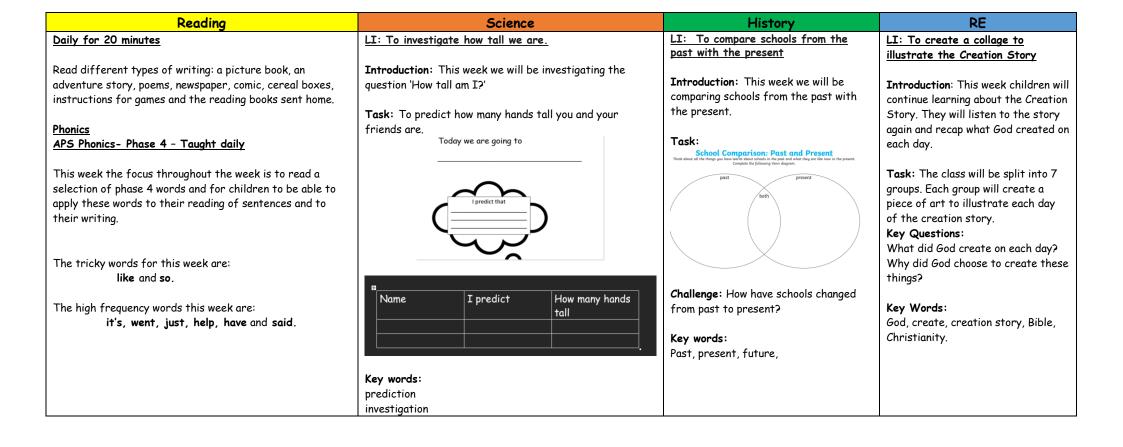


	story to make it our own, We will be changing the bad character (the wolf) into a new character of our choice. Today we will talk about adjectives and how we can describe the new character.	describe a character before thinking of sentence structure to write descriptive sentences.	We will then discuss what boxing it up means and how this strategy can help us in our writing. This week we will be doing a precursor to boxing it up where the children will be given a completed sequencing sheet to look at while changing their own.	middle.	completed in front of the class. They will be able to think about what they will need to work on going into the second lesson.
Activities	The task today is to draw a self-portrait of a new bad character for Little Red Riding Hood. We are then to label it with adjectives.	Today the children are to write a description based on the 'bad' character they created yesterday.	The task today is to sequence their new version of the story of Little Red Riding Hood using the new 'bad character'	The task today is to write the beginning and middle of the story with our own characters using the sequencing sheets from yesterday to guide us.	The task today is to complete their own version of Little Red Riding Hood using their own character. When they are finished they are to draw an accompanying picture.



Year 1	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Friday
Maths	LI: To count one less	LI: To compare groups one-to-group	LI: To compare using < > = (practical)	LI: To compare numbers using <>=
Key vocabulary and key questions	Key Vocabulary: Count One less Smaller Fewer Number line Key Questions: What is one less than x? How can we find one less? What does one less look like if we drew it? Can you find one less?	Key Vocabulary: Count Compare Enough Too many Not enough Key Questions: How many X are there? Is there enough for each object? Are there too many? How can we compare two groups?	Key Vocabulary: Count Compare Greater than Less than More than Fewer than Equal to Key Questions: What does greater than mean? What does equal to mean? What does this look like in two groups of	Key Vocabulary: Count Compare Greater than Less than More than Fewer than Equal to Key Questions: What does greater than mean? What does equal to mean? What symbols can we use to show these words
Introduction	Today we are counting one less with numbers up to 10. As a class, we will be practising finding one less using objects and pictures, numberlines and word problems.	Today we will be comparing groups of objects. We will look at lots of examples where there are the same amount and then we will look at examples where there are too little or too many.	numbers? Today we will begin comparing numbers using new vocabulary; greater than, less than and equal to. We will practise comparing numbers by using objects. We will also use numberlines and dice to help us.	in a maths question? Today we will continue comparing numbers using 'greater than' 'less than' or 'equal to'. We will then learn about the maths symbols that represent these words and practise using them in a range of questions.
Activities	Children will try to find one less in a group of objects. Then they will try to find one less on a numberline and finally one less in a word problem.	The tasks today will be to look at groups of objects and work out if there are the same, not enough or too many.	Children will be working in pairs today. They will each roll a dice and then compare the numbers and use 'greater than' 'less than' or 'equal to'.	The children will practise using the new maths symbols < > = in different questions, using objects, numberlines and word problems.







Every Tuesday, you will see the weekly overview that sets out our learning for the week on the learning section of our school website and on Google Classroom. This is the work that children will be doing in school. Please take note of the 'Homework' section at the bottom of the grid. This replaces the home learning grid. Homework will be set on Tuesday and will be expected to be completed by the Monday of the following week.

Art

LI: To create a self-portrait in the style of artists. (Yayoi Kusama)

Today we will be looking at the artist Yayoi Kusama. Yayoi Kusama is currently gaining recognition in the UK for her sold out shows at the Tate Modern. We will learn about her love for shape (particular) circles, her history and what has made her a successful artist.

We will then be creating a self-portrait based on her work. This week we will be doing the outline of the portrait before painting next week.



P\$

LI: To recognise the choices I make and understand the consequences

This week we will be sharing our ideas with Jigsaw Jack and Paws Cat on the choices we make and the consequences they have. We will also be thinking about rewards and why they are given.

<u>Introduction:</u> We will start this lesson with a game of 'pass the hand shake' followed by some calming exercises with Movelee Monkey.

Task: To create a consequence and reward poster.



Key questions: What does consequence mean?

Do you think it is fair to have a consequence?

What are rewards?

When should we receive rewards? Do our choices have a consequence

<u>Key Vocabulary:</u> choices, make, consequences, reward, fair, rules learn.

Homework

This week we would like you to complete the following tasks:

Reading:

Remember to read every day! ①

Make sure you find the correct page in your planner and ask an adult to help you write the name of the book and how well you read.

English:

Look at the front cover of this book, can you predict what the book will be about. I predict the book is about...

Maths:

Complete the worksheet. Fill in the missing symbol (< > =) for each number sentence.

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